HOW TO HELP THOSE YOU CARE ABOUT

(For families of individuals who have been in a traumatic event)

- 1. Encourage the person(s) affected by the incident to talk to you about how he or she is feeling about the incident.
- 2. Tell the person(s) affected how you feel (e.g. that you are sorry they have been hurt).
- 3. It is okay to remind the person(s) affected that their confusing feelings are normal.
- 4. Don't attempt to reassure the person(s) affected that everything is okay. At this moment, everything does *not* seem okay.
- 5. Do not attempt to impose your explanation of why this has happened on the person(s) affected.
- 6. Don't tell the person(s) affected you know how he or she feels because you don't. Often such attempts are really aimed at relieving your own anxiety about how *you*

feel

about the incident.

- 7. Be willing to say nothing. Just being there is often the biggest help.
- 8. Don't be afraid to encourage the person(s) affected to get post-trauma counseling from a specially trained mental health professional.
- 9. If the person affected agrees, go to any court hearings, investigations, meetings with insurance companies, etc. which relate to the event.
- 10. Don't be afraid to ask how someone is doing. This provides the opportunity for the person(s) affected to tell you as much or as little as needed.
- 11. Remember that as a person who cares for the person(s) affected in a traumatic event, *you* are affected too. You must also expect that you will experience some post-trauma consequences.
 - * Adapted from Critical Incident Stress handouts used throughout the U.S.